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confocal elliptical

nonbonding MO

<u>G</u>uassian - <u>T</u>ype

atomic orbital exponent

coordinate

Molecular Configuration Interaction Configuration Interaction wave function

commutation Polarizability

cyclic permutation <u>Highest Occupied MO</u>

aggregates

<u>L</u>inear <u>C</u>ombination of <u>A</u>tomic <u>O</u>rbitals

 $\underline{\underline{M}} o dified \ \underline{\underline{I}} n termediate \\ \underline{\underline{N}} e g lect \ of \ \underline{\underline{D}} ifferential$ 

<u>O</u>verlap

Lewis dot structures

double degeneracy

single configuration electronic wave function

<u>Intermediate Neglect of</u> <u>Differential Overlap</u>

orbitals

<u>L</u>owest

Born - Oppenheimer - geometrical Approximation equilibrium

exchange integral virtual ( )

overlap integral

resonance integral Coulombic Interaction

four center integral

Non-bonded interaction

 $\left| \left\langle ij \right| \frac{1}{r_{11}} \right| k l \right\rangle$ 

ground electric state

attractive state

triplet state

singlet state Coulomb Integral

minimal basis set Diatomic Differential

Overlap

molecular electronic

motion

semi empirical three - center integrals

Ab initio

well - behaved

 $\left| \left\langle ij \right| \frac{1}{r_{17}} \right| kj$ 

nodal properties plots spatial symmetry

electron repulsion

Born - Type repulsion

hybridization

homogenous function

diffuse function

comparative study bound

polarization functions electron spin resonance spherical harmonics coupling constants

Symmetry Adopted

Function

Debye ( ) character table

symmetry

multiplication table

closed - shell atoms allyl radical

open shell atom biradical

space par

covalent bond heteronuclear diatomics

occupation number

bent bonds effective potential

half - wave potentials

ion - pair

gerade stationary states

## **ROHF**

Unrestricted Hartree-Fock, UHF

Surface power series

Two-Dimentional Potential Energy

directional character

degrees of freedom effective nuclear

delocalization charge

boundary conditions orbital angular momentum geometry optimization electric dipole moment resonance structure

dipole moment

permanent dipole

moment

instantaneous dipole

moment

direct product

induced dipole moment

electronic energy fluctuating dipoles dispersion energy identity

electron correlation variation procedure energy

strain energy iteration

bonding energy per unitary transformation

electron crossing

binding energy dot product

delocalization energy

per electron

scalar Zero - point energy

antisymmetric Hartree - Fock energy ungerade Complete Neglect of Non-localized

<u>D</u>ifferential <u>O</u>verlap

Self - Consistent Field unique

method

bonding MO minimization of the antibonding MO energy gradient

Restricted Open-Shell hybrid orbital Hartree-Fock Method, repulsive field

average potential field electron - affinity dipole field Euler's theorem point group Aufbau Principle primitive Gausians pairing theorem group

chain rule Split - Valence basis

set **Contracted Basis** 

Function basis set

determinant of the extended basis set coefficients Pauli Principle Slater determinant Brillouin's theorem conjugated

principle of maximum center of symmetry

overlap

center of mass one - dimensional irreducible doubly occupied representation

Force Constant Matrix antisymmetry principle

spectroscopy Basis function

Photoelectron <u>D</u>ouble <u>Z</u>eta basis set

Spectroscopy

secular equation London dispersion

forces cofactor local minima

Van der Waal

coefficient

variation parameters

electron density curvature

free-valence index

frozen core localized

fitting

ladder operators harmonic oscillator Angular Momentum **Energy Gradient** 

Operators Method

commutator central field system

paired closed shell hermition Molecule Orbital symmetric

theory

hyper virial theorem		
Virial theorem		
Valence Bond Theory		
projection operator theorem		
critical points		
valence bond model		
Hartree	(	)
alternant hydrocarbons		
span		